



Making Aid Effectiveness Work for Family Planning and Reproductive Health

Suzanna Dennis
June 8, 2009
Brown Bag at PAI



Aid Effectiveness Principles

1. Country Ownership
2. Alignment
3. Harmonization
4. Managing for Results
5. Mutual Accountability



1. Country Ownership

Implementation:

- Poverty Reduction Strategies (PRSs)
- Sector-Wide Approaches (SWAps)



2. Alignment

Implementation:

Donors supposed to

- Make aid more predictable
- Align aid with country priorities
- Channel aid through country systems



3. Harmonization

Implementation:

- Budget Support
- Sector Support
- Basket Funds



4. Managing for Results

Implementation:

- Greater donor focus on results and outcomes, e.g. Performance-Based Aid



5. Mutual Accountability

Implementation:

- Mutual accountability mechanisms
- Health round tables
- SWAp coordinating groups

Beyond Paris:

- Need to build government accountability to meet FP-RH needs of citizens, e.g. through CSO participation and budget oversight



Conclusions

- Aid Effectiveness presents challenges and opportunities to achieving universal access to SRH
- Focus on country-level capacity-building and advocacy since country-level prioritization of FP-RH more important than ever

Population Action

I N T E R N A T I O N A L

HEALTHY FAMILIES HEALTHY PLANET